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Class:- A5

Code: CSE18R272

Java programming

EXERCISE--1

1. Find mean and standard deviation.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

import java.lang.\*;

public class MeanSd {

public static void main(String[] args){

int Array[];

System.out.println("enter the elements of array; ");

int s = 0,i=0;

float mean = 0,sd;

Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

int n = sc.nextInt();

Array = new int[5];

for(i=1;i<5;i++){

Array[i]=sc.nextInt();

s=s+Array[i];

}

float sum=0;

for(i=1;i<5;i++){

float dist = Array[i]-mean;

sum+=dist\*dist;

}

sd= (float) Math.sqrt((sum/5));

mean = s/5;

System.out.println(mean);

System.out.println(sd);

}

}

2. Find the nCr and nPr.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class PerComb {

public static int factorial(int n)

{

int fact=1, i;

for(i=1; i<=n; i++)

{

fact = fact\*i;

}

return fact;

}

public static void main(String args[])

{

int n, r;

Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter Value of n : ");

n = scan.nextInt();

System.out.print("Enter Value of r : ");

r = scan.nextInt();

int ncr= (factorial(n)/(factorial(n-r)\*factorial(r)));

int npr= (factorial(n)/(factorial(n-r)));

System.out.print("NCR = "+ncr);

System.out.print("\nNPR = " +npr);

}

}

3. Print all prime numbers in the given range.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Prime {

static void isprime(int n){

int i= 0;

for(i=2;i<=n/2;i++){

if(n%i==0){

System.out.println(n+"is not a prime number");

break;

}

else{

System.out.println(n+"is a prime number");

break;

}

}

}

public static void main(String[] args){

Prime p = new Prime();

Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("enter the number:");

int n;

n = in.nextInt();

p.isprime(n);

}

}

4. Find sum of the digits.

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Sod {

static int sum(int n){

int s=0;

while(n!=0){

s+=n%10;

n=n/10;

}

return s;

}

public static void main(String[] args){

Sod sol = new Sod();

Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("enter the number:");

int n;

n = in.nextInt();

int su = sol.sum(n);

System.out.println(su);

}

}

5. Check whether a given number is palindrome or not.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Palindrome {

public static void main(String[] args){

Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter the number to check : ");

int number = sc.nextInt();

int a,s=0;

int n=number;

while(number!=0){

a=number%10;

s=s\*10+a;

number=number/10;

}

if(s==n){

System.out.println("palindrome number ");

}

else{

System.out.println("not palindrome");

}

}

}

6. Check whether a given number is prime factor or not.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class PrimeFactors {

public static void main(String args[]){

int number;

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("Enter a number ::");

number = sc.nextInt();

for(int i = 2; i< number; i++) {

while(number%i == 0) {

System.out.println(i+" ");

number = number/i;

}

}

if(number >2) {

System.out.println(number);

}

}

}

}

}

7. Check whether a given number is perfect number or not.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Perfect {

public static void main(String[] args){

int n,sum =0;

Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter any integer you want to check:");

n = s.nextInt();

for(int i = 1; i < n; i++)

{

if(n % i == 0)

{

sum = sum + i;

}

}

if(sum == n)

{

System.out.println("Given number is Perfect");

}

else

{

System.out.println("Given number is not Perfect");

}

}

}

8. Check whether a given number is deficient number or not.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Deficient {

public static void main(String[] args){

int n,sum =0;

Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter any integer you want to check:");

n = s.nextInt();

for(int i = 1; i < n; i++)

{

if(n % i == 0)

{

sum = sum + i;

}

}

if(sum < n)

{

System.out.println("Given number is Deficient");

}

else

{

System.out.println("Given number is not Deficient");

}

}

}

9. Apply any one of the sorting algorithm.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Sort {

public static void main(String[] args){

int arr[];

System.out.println("enter the elements of array; ");

int s = 0,i=0;

arr = new int[5];

Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

for(i=0;i<5;i++){

arr[i]=sc.nextInt();

}

int n = arr.length;

for ( i = 0; i < n-1; i++){

for (int j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++){

if (arr[j] > arr[j+1])

{

int temp = arr[j];

arr[j] = arr[j+1];

arr[j+1] = temp;

}

}

}

for (i=0; i<n; ++i){

System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");

System.out.println();

}

}

}

10. Number conversion from decimal to binary.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

import java.lang.\*;

public class BinTODec {

public static void main(String[] args){

int Array[];

Array= new int[100];

Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("Enter the decimal value: ");

int n = sc.nextInt();

int i=0;

while(n>0){

Array[i]=n%2;

n=n/2;

i++;

}

for(int j=i-1;j>=0;j--){

System.out.print(Array[j]);

}

}

}

11. Write a program to complete and exp(e)

exp(e)= 1 + x/1! + x^2/2! + x^3/3! + ......

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Exp {

static float exponential(int n, float x)

{

float sum = 1;

for (int i = n - 1; i > 0; --i )

sum = 1 + x \* sum / i;

return sum;

}

public static void main (String[] args)

{

System.out.print("Enter Starting Number : ");

Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

int n = sc.nextInt();

float x = 1;

System.out.println("e^x = "+exponential(n,x));

}

}

12. Program to compute row sum, column sum and trace of a matrix

Program:

**import** java.io.\*;

**class** Matrix {

**static** **int** m = 4;

**static** **int** n = 4;

**static** **void** row\_sum(**int** arr[][])

{

**int** i,j,sum = 0;

System.out.print( "\nFinding Sum of each row:\n\n");

**for** (i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {

**for** (j = 0; j < 4; ++j) {

sum = sum + arr[i][j];

}

System.out.println( "Sum of the row "

+ i + " = " + sum);

sum = 0;

}

}

**static** **void** column\_sum(**int** arr[][])

{

**int** i,j,sum = 0;

System.out.print( "\nFinding Sum of each column:\n\n");

**for** (i = 0; i < 4; ++i) {

**for** (j = 0; j < 4; ++j) {

sum = sum + arr[j][i];

}

System.out.println(

"Sum of the column "

+ i + " = " + sum);

sum = 0;

}

}

**public** **static** **void** main (String[] args) {

**int** i,j;

**int** [][]arr = **new** **int**[m][n];

**int** x = 1;

**for** (i = 0; i < m; i++)

**for** (j = 0; j < n; j++)

arr[i][j] = x++;

row\_sum(arr);

column\_sum(arr);

}

}

13. Write a program to encrypt a code in Caesar's code

Program:

class caesar{

String plain;

int key;

public caesar(String text,int k){

plain=text;

key=k;

}

String encrypt(){

String out="";char ch;

for (int i=0; i<plain.length(); i++){

if(Character.isUpperCase(plain.charAt(i)))

ch=(char)(((int)plain.charAt(i)-65+key)%26+65);

else

ch=(char)(((int)plain.charAt(i)-97+key)%26+97);

out+=ch;

}

return out;

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

caesar c = new caesar("javaprogram", 7);

String out = c.encrypt();

System.out.println(out);

}

}

14. Write a program Java Program to implement the Mono alphabetic Cipher.

program:

class GFG

{

static String encoder(char[] key)

{

String encoded = "";

boolean[] arr = new boolean[26];

for (int i = 0; i < key.length; i++)

{

if (key[i] >= 'A' && key[i] <= 'Z')

{

if (arr[key[i] - 65] == false)

{

encoded += (char) key[i];

arr[key[i] - 65] = true;

}

}

else if (key[i] >= 'a' && key[i] <= 'z')

{

if (arr[key[i] - 97] == false)

{

encoded += (char) (key[i] - 32);

arr[key[i] - 97] = true;

}

}

}

for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++)

{

if (arr[i] == false)

{

arr[i] = true;

encoded += (char) (i + 65);

}

}

return encoded;

}

static String cipheredIt(String msg, String encoded)

{

String cipher = "";

.

for (int i = 0; i < msg.length(); i++)

{

if (msg.charAt(i) >= 'a' && msg.charAt(i) <= 'z')

{

int pos = msg.charAt(i) - 97;

cipher += encoded.charAt(pos);

}

else if (msg.charAt(i) >= 'A' && msg.charAt(i) <= 'Z')

{

int pos = msg.charAt(i) - 65;

cipher += encoded.charAt(pos);

}

else

{

cipher += msg.charAt(i);

}

}

return cipher;

}

// Driver code

public static void main(String[] args)

{

// Hold the Keyword

String key;

key = "Computer";

System.out.println("Keyword : " + key);

// Function call to generate encoded text

String encoded = encoder(key.toCharArray());

// Message that need to encode

String message = "javaprogram";

System.out.println("Message before Ciphering : " + message);

// Function call to print ciphered text

System.out.println("Ciphered Text : " + cipheredIt(message,

encoded));

}

}

15. Write a program Java Program to implement simple Encryption Decryption with Modulo 26

Program:

class Substitution {

String plain;

public Substitution(String text){

plain = text;

}

String encrypt() {

String out="";

String alpha="abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz";

String sub="kdgfnslvbwahexjmqcpzrtyiuo";

for (int i=0; i<plain.length(); i++)

{

int key = 0;

char ch = (char) (( (int) plain.charAt(1) - 97 +key )% 26 +97);

out = out + ch;

} return out;

}

public static void main(String[] args)

{

Substitution c = new Substitution("java");

String out = c.encrypt();

System.out.println(out);

}

}

16. Write a program Java Program for XOR Cipher.

Program:

class xor{

String plain;

char key;

public xor(String text,char k){

plain=text;

key=k;

}

String encrypt(){

String out="";char ch;

for (int i=0; i<plain.length(); i++){

ch=(char)((int)plain.charAt(i)^(int)key);

out+=ch;

}

return out;

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

xor c = new xor("javaprogram", 'v');

String out = c.encrypt();

System.out.println(out);

}

}

17. Write a program Java Program for Latin alphabet cipher.

Program:

class Latincipher{

String plain;

Latincipher (String text)

{

plain =text;

}

String encrypt()

{

String alpha="abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz";

String out="";

for(int i=0;i<plain.length();i++)

{

char ch=plain.charAt(i);

int p=alpha.indexOf(ch)+1;

out =out+p+" ";

}

return out;

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

Latincipher c=new Latincipher("javaprogram");

String out=c.encrypt();

System.out.println(" encryption : "+out);

}

}

18. Write a program called Harmonic Sum to compute the sum of a harmonic series, as

shown below, where n=50000. The program shall compute the sum from left-to-right as

well as from the right-to-left. Are the two sums the same? Obtain the absolute difference

between these two sums and explain the difference. Which sum is more accurate?

public class Main {

public static void main(String args[]){

int harmonic = 50000;

double L2R=0, R2L=0;

for(int i=1; i<=harmonic; i++){

L2R += (double)(1)/i;

R2L += (double)(1)/(harmonic-i+1);

}

double difference = R2L-L2R;

System.out.println("left to right = " + L2R);

System.out.println("right to left = " + R2L);

System.out.println("difference is " + difference);

}

}

19. Write a program which prompts user for the number of students in a class (a non-

negative integer), and saves it in an int variable called num Students. It then prompts user

for the grade of each of the students (integer between 0 to 100) and saves them in an int

array called grades. The program shall then compute and print the average (in double

rounded to 2 decimal places) and minimum/maximum (in int).

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class GradesAverage {

private final int LOWEST\_GRADE = 0;

private final int HIGHEST\_GRADE = 100;

// student's grades

private int[] grades;

private Scanner in;

public static void main(String[] args)

{

GradesAverage aGradesAverage = new GradesAverage();

aGradesAverage.in = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter the number of students: ");

int numStudents = aGradesAverage.in.nextInt();

aGradesAverage.run(numStudents);

}

private void run(int numStudents)

{

if (numStudents <= 0) {

System.out.println("Invalid number of students.");

return;

}

grades = new int[numStudents];

double sum = 0;

int i = 0;

while (i < numStudents)

{

System.out.printf("Enter the grade for student %1$d: ", (i+1));

int grade = in.nextInt();

// chek if grade is between 0 and 100

if ((grade >= LOWEST\_GRADE) && (grade <= HIGHEST\_GRADE)) {

grades[i] = grade;

sum += grade;

i++;

continue;

}

System.out.println("Invalid grade, try again...");

}

System.out.printf("The average is %1$.2f\n", (sum / numStudents));

}

}

20. Write a Java program to separate 0s on left side and 1s on right side of an array of 0s and

1s in random order.

Program:

mport java.util.Arrays;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {

public static void main(String[] args)

{

int arr[] = new int[8];

int result[];

System.out.println("Original Array ");

System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array: ");

for(int i=0; i<8; i++)

{

arr[i]=sc.nextInt();

}

int n = arr.length;

result = separate\_arr(arr, n);

System.out.println("New Array ");

System.out.println(Arrays.toString(result));

}

static int [] separate\_arr(int arr[], int n)

{

int count = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

if (arr[i] == 0)

count++;

}

for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)

arr[i] = 0;

for (int i = count; i < n; i++)

arr[i] = 1;

return arr;

}

}

21. Write a Java program to add and remove a specific element from an array.

Program:

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Delete

{

public static void main(String[] args)

{

int n, x, flag = 1, loc = 0;

Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter no. of elements you want in array:");

n = s.nextInt();

int a[] = new int[n];

System.out.println("Enter all the elements:");

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

{

a[i] = s.nextInt();

}

System.out.print("Enter the element you want to delete:");

x = s.nextInt();

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

{

if(a[i] == x)

{

flag =1;

loc = i;

break;

}

else

{

flag = 0;

}

}

if(flag == 1)

{

for(int i = loc+1; i < n; i++)

{

a[i-1] = a[i];

}

System.out.print("After Deleting:");

for (int i = 0; i < n-2; i++)

{

System.out.print(a[i]+",");

}

System.out.print(a[n-2]);

}

else

{

System.out.println("Element not found");

}

}

}

22. Write a program called CozaLozaWoza which prints the numbers 1 to 110, 11 numbers

per line. The program shall print "Coza" in place of the numbers which are multiples of 3,

"Loza" for multiples of 5, "Woza" for multiples of 7, "CozaLoza" for multiples of 3 and 5,

and so on. The output shall looklike:

1 2 Coza 4 Loza Coza Woza 8 Coza Loza 11

Coza 13 Woza CozaLoza 16 17 Coza 19 Loza CozaWoza 22

23 Coza Loza 26 Coza Woza 29 CozaLoza 31 32 Coza

Program:

public class Main {

public static void main(String args[]) {

int i = 1;

while (i <= 110) {

boolean test = false;

if (i % 3 == 0) {

System.out.print("coza");

test = true;

}

if (i % 5 == 0) {

System.out.print("loza");

test = true;

}

if (i % 7 == 0) {

System.out.print("woza");

test = true;

}

if (!test) {

System.out.print(i);

}

System.out.print(" ");

if (i % 11 == 0) {

System.out.println();

}

i++;

}

}

}